1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label:

Product Name: 2.1 VOC Acrylic Primer Surfacer gray Quart
Product identifier: 102261

Other means of identification

Synonyms: No data available
Chemical Family: SILICA FILLER

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Chemical Manufacturer / Importer / Distributor: ITW Evercoat
a division of Illinois Tool Works Inc.
6600 Cornell Road
Cincinnati, OH 45242
513-489-7600

Emergency phone number:
CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols:

GHS Classification:
Reproductive Toxicity Category 1B
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Vapour Category 2
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure Category 2
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Dust / Mist Category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Category 3

GHS Signal Word: Danger

GHS Hazard Statements: Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Fatal if inhaled.
Toxic if inhaled.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.

GHS Precautionary Statements:
Safety Precautions:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Avoid release to the environment.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Wear respiratory protection.

First Aid Measures:
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Specific treatment is urgent (see on this label).
Specific treatment (see on this label).
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

Hazards not otherwise
classified:
No data available
Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: 2.1 VOC Acrylic Primer Surfacer gray Quart
Product identifier: 102261
Revision Date: 08-19-2016
Replaces:

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>CAS number and other unique identifiers</th>
<th>% (or range) of ingredient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>7 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>7 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tert Butyl Acetate</td>
<td>540-88-5</td>
<td>7 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyl phthalate</td>
<td>84-74-2</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methoxy 2-propyl Acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary measures, subdivided according to the different routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation, skin and eye contact, and ingestion:

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper & lower eye lids. Seek immediate medical attention. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Have eyes examined and tested by medical personnel.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and continue flushing with water. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist. Wash clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately. If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. Keep the victim warm and quiet. If the victim has stopped breathing open airway, loosen collar and belt, and administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor’s advice.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS. Induce vomiting as a last measure.
Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the material into the lungs potentially causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on left side with head down. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:**

**Most important symptoms/effects (Acute):** No data available

**Most important symptoms/effects (Delayed):** No data available

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:** No additional first aid information available

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire. Regular foam Carbon dioxide Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** No data available

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products):**

**Fire and/or Explosion Hazards:** Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Toxic and corrosive gases,, Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:** Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained toxic breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure
build-up and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.
Wear a self contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH approved) with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment.
Use methods for the surrounding fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:
Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including: the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do not allow smoking in the area. Activate available exhaust ventilation equipment in the immediate spill area. All personnel in the area should be protected as in Section 8. Avoid breathing vapors. Use an inert absorbent such as sand or vermiculite. Place in properly labeled closed container.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:
Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. All hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Wash hands before eating. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Do not take internally. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Conditions for safe storage: Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a cool dry place for maximum product quality, avoid prolonged storage at temperatures above 75 °F (25 °C). Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in a tightly closed container. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use.

Materials to Avoid/Chemical Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents, Hydrogen peroxide, Strong alkalies, Strong acids, Metals.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL), American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV-TWA</th>
<th>ACGIH STEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>750 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyl phthalate</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriate engineering controls: No exposure limits exist for the constituents of this product. Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to minimize exposures and maintain operator comfort. General or local ventilation or isolation may prove adequate to keep airborne exposures below exposure limits. Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general room ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne contaminates to safe levels.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye Protection: Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available. Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product. Wear splash-proof safety goggles if material could be misted or splashed into eyes. Wear goggles if dusts can reach the exposure limit.

Skin Protection: Wear protective gloves. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment...
regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work. Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

**Respiratory Protection:**
Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this product. General or local exhaust ventilation is the preferred means of protection. Use a respirator if general room ventilation is not available or sufficient to eliminate symptoms. Use a NIOSH approved respirator designed to remove particulate matter and organic solvent vapors. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work place conditions warrant the use of a respirator. Respiratory protection may be required in addition to ventilation depending upon conditions of use. NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and HEPA filter. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres.

**Other Protective Equipment:**
Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product. Wear splash-proof safety goggles if material could be misted or splashed into eyes. Wear goggles if dusts can reach the exposure limit. Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance (physical state, color, etc.):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance (physical state):</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color:</td>
<td>Grey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point/Freezing Point (°C):</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range (°C):</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C):</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas):</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit (%):</td>
<td>7.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit (%):</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: 2.1 VOC Acrylic Primer Surfacer gray Quart
Product identifier: 102261
Revision Date: 08-19-2016
Replaces:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density</td>
<td>1.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies):</td>
<td>Insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition Temperature (°C):</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC (as applied* - 2% by wt hardener- less exempts and water):</td>
<td>1.03 lbs/gal or</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No data available
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available
Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration): Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated temperatures.
Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents Hydrogen peroxide Strong alkalies Strong acids Metals
Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Hydrocarbons

11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact):
Skin contact, Eye contact, Inhalation, Absorption, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: No data available

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure:

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure:

Inhalation Irritation: Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Excessive inhalation of vapors may cause nasal and respiratory irritation, acute nervous system depression, fatigue, weakness, nausea, headache and dizziness.
Airborne overexposure well above the PEL may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema.

Inhalation Toxicity: Harmful! Can cause systemic damage (see "Target Organs"

Skin Contact: Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause
Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: 2.1 VOC Acrylic Primer Surfacer gray Quart
Product identifier: 102261
Revision Date: 08-19-2016
Replaces: 

Skin Absorption: 
Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage. Causes skin irritation. Contact may cause irritation and possible dermatitis or sensitization. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns.

Eye Contact: 
Contact with the eyes may cause moderate to severe eye injury. Eye contact may result in tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible. Contact with liquid or vapor may result in irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision. Can cause mechanical irritation if dusts are generated.

Ingestion Irritation: 
Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Causes gastrointestinal tract irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and possible ulcerations to mucous membranes. May also cause effects on the liver and kidneys.

Ingestion Toxicity: 
Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning.

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:
Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP OR OSHA.
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% is mutagenic or genotoxic.

Inhalation: 
Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Harmful! Can cause systemic damage upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure (see "Target Organs"

Skin Contact: 
Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.

Skin Absorption: 
Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage.

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)
Component Toxicology Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Dermal LD50</th>
<th>Inhalation LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat 4000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg</td>
<td>Dermal LD50 Rabbit 20000 mg/kg</td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat &gt; 16000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl acetate</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 5620 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 (8h) Rat 1600 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyl phthalate</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 8000 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 Rat 8 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: 2.1 VOC Acrylic Primer Surfacer gray Quart
Product identifier: 102261
Revision Date: 08-19-2016
Replaces:

Whether the hazardous chemical is listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or has been found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>OSHA Carcinogen</th>
<th>IARC Carcinogen</th>
<th>NTP Carcinogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic organisms and should not be released to sewage, draining systems or any body of water exceeding concentrations of approved limits under applicable regulations and permits.

Persistence and degradability: No data available
Bioaccumulative potential: No data
Mobility in soil: No data available
Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): No data available

Ecological Toxicity Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>Aquatic EC50 Crustacea</th>
<th>Aquatic ERC50 Algae</th>
<th>Aquatic LC50 Fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Aquatic EC50 (48h)</td>
<td>Daphnia 10294 - 17704 MG/L</td>
<td>Aquatic LC50 (96h) Rainbow Trout 4740 - 6330 MG/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Aquatic EC50 (48h)</td>
<td>Daphnia &gt; 1000 ml/l</td>
<td>Aquatic LC50 (96h) &gt; 1000 MG/L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13. Disposal considerations

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging

Description of waste residues: Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.
Waste treatment methods: Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations.
Waste Disposal Code(s): D001 U002 acetone

14. Transport information

UN number: No data available
UN proper shipping name: Not Regulated
Transport hazard class(es): No data available
Packing group: No data available
Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: 2.1 VOC Acrylic Primer Surfacer gray Quart
Product identifier: 102261
Revision Date: 08-19-2016
Replaces: Page 11 of 11

The shipper is responsible for following all applicable regulations. The transportation classification provided is based on ITW Evercoat original packaging, which is suitable for domestic ground transport only.

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

TSCA Status: The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

Regulated Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>CAS number and other unique identifiers</th>
<th>CERCLA</th>
<th>SARA EHS</th>
<th>SARA 313</th>
<th>California Prop 65</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyl phthalate</td>
<td>84-74-2</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision.

Revision Date: 08-19-2016
Revision Number: 13

Disclaimer: NOTICE: The information accumulated herein is believed to be correct as of the date issued from sources, which are believed to be accurate and reliable. Since it is not possible to anticipate all circumstances of use, recipients are advised to confirm, in advance of need, that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances.