1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label:
Product Name: Finish Sand 4:1
Product identifier: 100738

Other means of identification
Synonyms: No data available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:
Primer

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party
Chemical Manufacturer / Importer / Distributor: ITW Evercoat
a division of Illinois Tool Works Inc.
6600 Cornell Road
Cincinnati, OH 45242
513-489-7600

Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols:

GHS Classification:
- Reproductive Toxicity Category 1B
- Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 1
- Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure Category 1
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2
- Carcinogenicity Category 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Category 3

GHS Signal Word: Danger

GHS Hazard Statements:
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
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Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.

GHS Precautionary Statements:

Safety Precautions:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Avoid release to the environment.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

First Aid Measures:
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Specific treatment (see on this label).
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

Hazards not otherwise classified:
Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>CAS number and other unique identifiers</th>
<th>% (or range) of ingredient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Styrene</td>
<td>100-42-5</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary measures, subdivided according to the different routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation, skin and eye contact, and ingestion:
Eye Contact:  Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper & lower eye lids. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact:  Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and continue flushing with water. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist. Wash clothing before reuse.

Inhalation:  Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately. If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. Keep the victim warm and quiet. If the victim has stopped breathing open airway, loosen collar and belt, and administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice.

Ingestion:  Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on left side with head down. If possible, do not leave individual unattended. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Most important symptoms/effects (Acute):  No data available

Most important symptoms/effects (Delayed):  No data available

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:  No additional first aid information available

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:
Safety Data Sheet

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Replaces:

| Suitable extinguishing media: | Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire. Regular foam Carbon dioxide Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media: | No data available |

Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products):

| Fire and/or Explosion Hazards: | Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back |
| Hazardous Combustion Products: | Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Styrene oxide, oxides of nitrogen, Hydrocarbons |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: | Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained toxic breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH approved) with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. |

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures: Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending...
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. All hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Wash hands before eating. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with material, avoid breathing dusts or fumes, use only in a well ventilated area. Do not take internally. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed. Store in a cool dry place. For maximum product quality, avoid prolonged storage at temperatures above 75 °F (25 °C). Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in a tightly closed container. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Materials to Avoid/Chemical Incompatibility: Peroxides, Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents, Halogens, Reducing agents, Strong alkalies.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL), American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV-TWA</th>
<th>ACGIH STEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Styrene</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td>40 ppm STEL; 170 mg/m3 STEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>750 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriate engineering controls: No exposure limits exist for the constituents of this product. Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to minimize exposures and maintain operator comfort. General or local ventilation or isolation may prove adequate to keep airborne exposures below exposure limits. Explosion proof exhaust.
ventilation should be used.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:**

**Eye Protection:** Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Do not wear contact lenses. Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product.

**Skin Protection:** Wear protective gloves. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work. Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this product. General or local exhaust ventilation is the preferred means of protection. Use a respirator if general room ventilation is not available or sufficient to eliminate symptoms. Use a NIOSH approved respirator designed to remove particulate matter and organic solvent vapors. NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and HEPA filter. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres.

**Other Protective Equipment:** Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product. Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

- **Appearance (physical state, color, etc.):**
  - **Appearance (physical state):** Liquid
  - **Color:** Grey
  - **Odor:** Aromatic
  - **Odor threshold:** No data available
  - **pH:** No data available
  - **Melting Point/Freezing Point (°C):** No data available
  - **Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range (°C):** 56
  - **Flash Point (°C):** No data available
  - **Evaporation Rate:** No data available
  - **Flammability (solid, gas):** No data available
  - **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:**
    - **Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit (%):** 12.8
Safety Data Sheet

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Replaces:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit (%)</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>Heavier than air. Vapors that evolve from this product will tend to settle and accumulate near the floor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density</td>
<td>1.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC (as packaged-less exempts and water)</td>
<td>2.89 lbs/gal or 346 g/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC (as applied* - 2% by wt hardener- less exemts and water):</td>
<td>1.38 lbs/gal or 165 g/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHAP Content by weight – as packaged:</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No data available
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available
Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration): Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated temperatures. Contamination
Incompatible materials: Peroxides Strong acids Strong oxidizing agents Halogens Reducing agents Strong alkalies
Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Styrene oxide oxides of nitrogen Hydrocarbons

11. Toxicological information
Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact):

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

No data available

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure:

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure:

Inhalation Irritation: Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Excessive inhalation of vapors may cause nasal and respiratory irritation, acute nervous system depression, fatigue, weakness, nausea, headache and dizziness. Airborne overexposure well above the PEL may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema.

Inhalation Toxicity: Harmful! Can cause systemic damage (see "Target Organs"

Skin Contact: Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.

Skin Absorption: No absorption hazard in normal industrial use. Causes skin irritation. Contact may cause irritation and possible dermatitis or sensitization. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns.

Eye Contact: Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Contact with liquid or vapor may result in irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision.

Ingestion Irritation: Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Causes gastrointestinal tract irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and possible ulcerations to mucous membranes. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Ingestion Toxicity: Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning.

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified styrene as a group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans).

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:

Mutagenicity: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Inhalation: Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Harmful! Can cause systemic damage upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure (see "Target Organs"

Skin Contact: Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.

Skin Absorption: Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, no hazard in normal industrial use.
Safety Data Sheet

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Replaces:

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Dermal LD50</th>
<th>Inhalation LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Styrene</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat 24 g/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg</td>
<td>Dermal LD50 Rabbit 20000 mg/kg</td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat &gt; 16000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Oral LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat 4000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Whether the hazardous chemical is listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or has been found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>OSHA Carcinogen</th>
<th>IARC Carcinogen</th>
<th>NTP Carcinogen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Styrene</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): Toxic to aquatic life. Styrene is toxic to aquatic organisms and should not be released to sewage, draining systems or any body of water exceeding concentrations of approved limits under applicable regulations and permits.

Persistence and degradability: No data available
Bioaccumulative potential: No data
Mobility in soil: No data available
Other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): No data available

Ecological Toxicity Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Component</th>
<th>Aquatic EC50 Crustacea</th>
<th>Aquatic ERC50 Algae</th>
<th>Aquatic LC50 Fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Aquatic EC50 (48h) Daphnia 10294 - 17704 MG/L</td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic LC50 (96h) Rainbow Trout 4740 - 6330 MG/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Aquatic EC50 (48h) Daphnia &gt; 1000 ml/l</td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic LC50 (96h) &gt; 1000 MG/L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13. Disposal considerations

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the
disposal of any contaminated packaging

Description of waste residues: Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.
Safe Handling of Waste: Disposal must be in accordance with applicable Federal,
State/Provincial and Local regulations.
Waste treatment methods (including packaging): Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or
Provincial regulations.
Waste Disposal Code(s): D001

14. Transport information

UN number: UN1263
UN proper shipping name: 
Transport hazard class(es): 3
Packing group: II

The shipper is responsible for following all applicable regulations. The transportation classification provided is based
on ITW Evercoat original packaging, which is suitable for domestic ground transport only.

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

TSCA Status: The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulated Components</th>
<th>CAS number and other unique identifiers</th>
<th>CERCLA</th>
<th>SARA EHS</th>
<th>SARA 313</th>
<th>California Prop 65</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Styrene</td>
<td>100-42-5</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica (Quartz)</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black</td>
<td>1333-86-4</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimethylaniline (DMA)</td>
<td>121-69-7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,4-Naphthoquinone</td>
<td>130-15-4</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Styrene Oxide</td>
<td>96-09-3</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aniline</td>
<td>62-53-3</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: Finish Sand 4:1
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Replaces:

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>08-19-2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revision Number:</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disclaimer: NOTICE: The information accumulated herein is believed to be correct as of the date issued from sources, which are believed to be accurate and reliable. Since it is not possible to anticipate all circumstances of use, recipients are advised to confirm, in advance of need, that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances.